

TNEB ECE Model Question Paper 2

1.	What is disadvantage of linear integrated circuits?		c)Quantization error remains same
	a)Parameter within the IC cannot be modified		d)None of the above
	b)Low power requirement	6.	The number of voice channels that can be
	c)Ics are considered to use minimum number of		accommodated for transmission in T1 carrier
	external connections		system is
	d)None of the mentioned		a)24 b)32
2.	The phenomenon employed in the waveguide		c)56 d)64
	operation is	7.	Instantaneous power in inductor is proportional to
	a)Reflection		the
	b)Refraction		a)Product of the instantaneous current and rate
	c)Total internal reflection		of change of current
	d)None		b)Square of instantaneous current
3.	In uniform quantization process		c)square of the rate of change of current
	a)The step size remain the same		d)Temperature of the indicator
	b)Step size varies according to the values of the	8.	The waveguides increase the transmission of the
	input signal		electromagnetic waves. State true or false
	c)The quantizer has linear characteristics		a)True b)False
	d)Both a and c are correct	9.	The main objectives of electrical power
4.	The modulation techniques used to convert analog		transmission is/are
	signal in to digital signal are		a)Transmission system must be more efficient
	a)Pulse code modulation		with minimum line losses
	b)Delta modulation		b)Voltage regulation of the transmission line must
	c)Adaptive delta modulation		be zero or minimum
	d)All of the above		c)Both 1 and 2
5.	In adaptive Delta Modulation, the slope error		d)Neither 1 nor 2
	reduces and	10.	. Magnetic flux has the unit of
	a)quantization error decreases		a)Newton b)Ampere turn
	b)Quantization error increases		c)Weber d)Tesla



11. If all the elements	in a particular network are	17. KVL works on the principle of		
linear, then the supe	rposition theorem would hold	a)Law of conservation of charge		
when the excitation i	S	b)law of conserv	ation of energy	
a)DC only	b)AC only	c)Both		
c)Either AC and DO	C d)An impulse	d)None of the abo	ove	
12. In balanced bridge, i	f the positions of detector and	18. Super mesh analy	sis is used in case of	
source are intercha	nged, the bridge will still	a)Current source	e branch is common for two	
remain balanced. T	'his can be explained from	meshes		
which theorem		b)Ideal voltage s	ource is connected between two	
a)Reciprocity theor	em	non reference nod	les	
b)Thevinin's theorem	1	c)Both		
c)Norton's theorem		d)Either 1 or 2		
d)Compensation theo	orem	19. For symmetrical	wave form average value of one	
13. If P is the power of	a star connected system then	cycle is		
what will be pow	ver of an equivalent delta	a)1	b)1.11	
connected system?		c)2.22	d (b	
a)P	b)3P	20. In parallel RC	circuit total current is 5A and	
c)P/3	d)None of the above	current through re	esistor is 3A. What is the current	
14. Which of the followi	ng are the passive elements?	through the capac	itor?	
a)Resistor	b)Bulb	a)5A	b)2A	
c)Both	d)None of these	c)3A	d)4A	
15. Which of the followi	ng has no units?	21. Commutator pitc	hes of duplex and simplex lap	
a)Permeability		windings are resp	ectively	
b)Moment of a magn	et	a)4 and 2	b)2 and 1	
c)Magnetic suscepti	bility	c)1 and 1	d)2 and 2	
d)Permittivity		22. The emf induced	I in the DC generator armature	
16. Which of the follow	ving quantities consists of SI	winding is		
unit WATT?		a)AC	b)DC	
a)Force	b)Charge	c)AC and DC	d)None of the above	
c)Current	d)Power			



23. In differential pulse	code modulation techniques,	a)S-TTL	b)AS-TTL
the decoding is perfo	rmed by	c)HS-TTL	d)HCMOS
a)Accumulator	b)Sampler	30. The primary parame	eter is uniformly distributed
c)PLL	d)Quantizer	along the length of the	e conductor?
24. A DC generator with	out commutator is a	a)G b)C c)L d	l)R
a)AC generator	b)DC motor	31. Which of the following	ng statements is/are correct?
c)DC generator	d)Induction motor	a)Inter pole winding v	will act in inter pole region
25. In a DC machine 7	2 number of coils are used.	b)Compensating wind	ling will act under the pole
Find the number	of commutator segments	c)Both A and B	
required?		d)None of the above	
a)36 b)37	c)72 d)74	32. If terminal voltage	of one 1000 rpm shunt is
26. Which of the followi	ng bearings and their uses are	reduced to half the sp	eed of the motor will be
correct		a)500 rpm	b)250 rpm
a)Ball bearings -> sn	nall machines	c)1000 rpm	d)2000 rpm
b)Roller bearings-> l	arge machines	33. The lines having R	R,L,C distributed along the
c)Neither 1 nor 2		circuit are called	
d)Both a and b		a)Lumped	b)Distributed
27. Which among the fo	ollowing is/are not present in	c)Parallel	d)Paired
free space?		34. Galvanised steel is ge	nerally used as
a)Solid bodies		a)Stray wire	b)Earth wire
b)Ionized particles		c)Structural compone	nts d)All of the above
c)Interference of no	rmal radiation & radio wave	35. Objectives of power s	system is/are
propagation		a)Cost of electrical	energy per KWh is to be
d)All of the above		minimum	
28. Which of the follow	ing windings are necessary in	b)Rated voltage and	frequency has to be supplied
case of all DC machi	nes?	to the consumers	
a)Closed winding	b)Lap winding	c)Both 1 and 2	
c)Wave winding	d)Opentype winding	d)Neither 1 nor 2	
29. Which of the follo	wing logic families has the	36. For flat voltage profi	le system, voltage regulation
highest maximum clo	ock frequency?	is	



	a)0% b)2	100%	c)50%	d)None	42	. A car is rtyii	ninig at a con	stant speed of	f 50 1	km/h.
37	. Advantages of s	hunt com	pensatio	n is/are		which of the	following is t	he feedback e	leme	nt for
	a)Single unit car	n be both	capacita	ance and induc	tor	the driver?				
	by adjusting the	excitation	n			a)Clutch		b)Eyes		
	a)Singe unit car	n be used	as both	capacitance a	ind	c)Needle of S	Speedometer	d)Steering	whee	1
	inductor by adju	sting the	excitatio	on	43	. The output of	f a feedback c	control system	musi	t be a
	b)Smooth volt	age regu	ulation	is possible	by	function of				
	controlling excit	tation				a)Reference	and output			
	c)it requires les	ss mainte	nance			b)Reference	and input			
	d)All of the above	ve				c)Input and f	eedback signa	ıl		
38	. In a bus 4*4 Y	bus matri	x the nu	mber of non z	ero	d)Output and	l feedback sig	nal		
	elements are 12	. Find the	number	of transmiss	ion 44	. A control sys	stem with exc	essive noise, i	is like	ely to
	lines?					suffer from				
	a)8 b)4	4	c)2	d)5		a)Saturation	ı in amplifyin	ng stages		
39	. Range of accele	rating fac	tor is			b)Loss of gai	n			
	a)50 to 100		b)1 to	o 10		c)Vibrations				
	c)1.6 to 1.8		d)10.	8 to 11.2		d)Oscillation	S			
40	. A network cont	aining 10	0 buses	in which 10	are 45	. The temperation	ature under	thermal and	elec	trical
	the voltage co	ontrol bu	ses, 5	are fixed sh	unt	system analo	gy, is conside	red analogous	to	
	capacitor buses,	,20 are th	e reactiv	ve power supp	ort	a)Voltage		b)Current		
	buses, 6 are the	e generato	or buses.	Find the size	of	c)Capacitanc	e	d)Charge		
	the Jacobian ma	trix?			46	. The transfer	function is ap	plicable to wh	nich (of the
	a)163*163		b)164	4*164		following?				
	c)165*165		d)162	2*162		a)Linear and	d time in vari	iant systems		
41	. A control syste	m in wh	ich the	control action	is	b)Linear and	time variant s	systems		
	somehow depen	dent on th	ne outpu	t is known as		c)Linear syst	ems			
	a)closed loop sy	ystem				d)Non linear	systems			
	b)Semi closed lo	oop syster	n		47	. Which type	of logic	is produced	by	case
	c)Open system					statements?				
	d)None of the al	bove				a)Serial logic	C			



	b)Parallel logic			a)Bus is group of wires			
	c)Priority encoded logic			b)Bootstrap is a technique	e or device for loading		
	d)Priority decoded logic			first instruction			
48.	Power dissipation in ideal in	nductor is		c)An instruction is a set of bits that defines a			
	a)Maximum	b)Minimum		computer operation			
	c)Zero	d)A finite value		d)An interrupt signal is 1	required at the start of		
49.	Which components play a	significant role in the		every program			
	formation of a dynamic RA	M?	56	. What are the sets of co	mmands in a program		
	a)Two MOSFETs			which are not translated in	to machine instructions		
	b)Two capacitors			during assembly process, c	alled?		
	c)One MOSFET and one	capacitor		a)Mnemonics	b)Directives		
	d)One MOSFET and two ca	apacitors		c)Identifiers	d)Operands		
50.	With the availability of 1	6*4 memory size, hoe	57	57. In an Intel 8085A, which is the first machine cycle			
	many ICs (memory chips)	will be required for the	of an instruction?				
	expansion of its word size	in order to obtain 16*8		a)An op-code fetch cycle			
	memory?			b)A memory read cycle			
	a)2 b)4 c)8	d)16		c)A memory write cycle			
51. 8085 microprocessor has how many pins				d)An I/O read cycle			
	a)30 b)39 c)40	d)41	58	. The dual slope analog to	digital converter finds		
52.	52. In 8085 name of the 16 bit registers is			extensive use in			
	a)stack pointer	b)Program counter		a)Digital voltmeters			
	c)Both a and b	d)none of these		b)Function generators			
53.	53. The ROM programmed during the manufacturing			c)Frequency counters			
	process is called as			d)All of the above			
	a)MROM	b)PROM	59	. In trouble shooting a	DAC, we check its		
	c)EPROM	d)EEPROM		performance characteristic	s such as		
54.	An automatic toaster is a	loop control system		a)Non monotonicity			
	a)Open	b)Closed		b)Differential nonlinearity			
	c)Partially closed	d)Any of the above		c)Low and high gain			
55. Which one of the following is not correct?				d)All of the above			



60. In a digital reproduction of an analog curve,	3) th
accuracy can be increased by	4) fo
a)Sampling the curve more often	67. Rate
h)Sampling the surve lass often	num
b)sampling the curve less often	1) fa
c)Decreasing the number of bits used to represent	$\frac{2}{3}$ in
each sampled value	3) III 4) da
d)All of the above	68. The
61. Which is a typical application of digital signal	giver
processing	1) 15
a)Noise elimination	Whe
	69. A go
b)Music signal processing	1) lo
c)Image processing	2) hi 3) hi
d)All of the above	3) m 4) no
62. Newton's first l.aw of motion gives the concept of	70. Give
1) energy 2) work	0.76
3)Mass 4)Inertia	1) A
63. A marble block of mass 2kg lying on ice when	2) A
given a velocity of 6 m/s is stopped by friction in	3) Zı
10s. Then the coefficient of friction is	4) A
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	71. In
64. The force acting on a body of mass 10kg is $(\vec{r}, \vec{r}, \vec{r}, \vec{r})$	arran
(2i + j - k). If the body is initially at rest, then	1) de 2) ;
velocity at the end of 20 seconds will be $1 \ge \sqrt{2}$	2) I note
1) $3\sqrt{2}$ 2) $6\sqrt{2}$	3) in
3) $2\sqrt{6}$ 4) $2\sqrt{3}$	4) in
65. An athelete runs some distance before taking a	72. A so
1) to acquire larges inertia of motion	1) Te
2) to over come inertia of rest	3) Co
3) to get inertia of direction	73. The
66. An object is thrown along a direction inclined at	knov
an angle 45° with the horizontal. The horizontal	1) st
range of the object is	2) 1n 3) ei
1) vertical height	4) nc
2) twice the vertical height	

	3) thrice the vertical height					
	4) four times the vertical height					
67.	Rate determining step in a reaction consisting of a					
	number of steps in series is the					
	1) fastest step					
	2) slowest step					
	3) intermediate step					
	4) data insufficient, can't predict					
68.	The half-life period of a first order reaction is					
	given by					
	1) 15 k 2) 2.5 k 3) 0.693 k 4) 6.93 k					
	Where, $k = rate constant$					
69.	A good quality coal should have					
	1) low fusion point of ash					
	2) high ash content					
	3) high sulphur					
	4) none of these					
70.	Given: $E^{\circ}Ag^{+}/Ag = 0.799V$ and $E^{\circ}Zn^{2}+/Zn = -$					
	0.763V then					
	1) Ag+ can be reduced by H ₂ (g)					
	2) Ag can oxidize H_2 to H^+					
	3) Zn^{2+} can be reduced by H_2					
	4) Ag can reduced Zn^{2+}					
71.	In the electrochemical series, elements are					
	arranged in the					
	1) decreasing order of standard reduction potential					
	2) increasing order of standard reduction					
	potential					
	3) increasing order of oxdiation potential					
	4) increasing order of equivalent weights					
72.	A solid can be resist of the following stresses.					
	1) Tensil2) Shear					
	3) Compressive4) All of the above					
73.	The height of the free surface above any point is					
	known as					
	1) static head					
	2) intensity of pressure					
	3) either of the above					
	4) none of the above					



- 74. To determine kinematic viscosity of liquids by
 - 1) Newton viscometer
 - 2) Red wood viscometer
 - 3) Engles viscometer
 - 4) Say bolt universal viscometer
- 75. A pitot tube is used for measuring
 - 1) total energy 2) pressure of flow
 - 3) flow rate
- 4) velocity of flow
- 76. Cavitation will begin when
 - 1) Flow is increase
 - 2) Flow is decreased

3) The pressure at any location reaches an absolute pressure equal to the saturated vapour pressure of the liquid

- 4) None of the above
- 77. EDVAC means
 - 1) Embedded Dynamic Variable Automatic Computer

2) Electronic Dynamic Variable Automatic Computer

3) Electronic Discrete Variable Automatic Control

4) Electronic Discrete Variable Automatic Computer

- 78. A typical Memory hierarchy starts with a small, expensive and relatively fast unit called
 - 1) Main Memory2) Storage Memory
 - **3) Cache** 4) Virtual Memory
- 79.is an inorganic mineral compound of silicates of aluminium, magnesia and soda potash.
- 3) Porcelain 4) Asbestos
- 80. The band gap (Eg) of Germanium is about

1) 1.1 eV 2) 0.8 eV

- 3) 0.2 eV 4) 2 eV 81. Ferromagnetic materials have
 - 1) Low permeability and zero susceptibility
 - 2) Zero permeability and low susceptibility
 - 2) Lich normaphility and high magazith it
 - 3) High permeability and high susceptibility
 - 4) Low permeability and low susceptibility

- 82. Sum of the eigen values of A
 - 1) trace of A
 2) |A|

 3) A^{-1} 4) 0
- 83. By Green's theorem the area of a closed region in polar coordinates is

1) ∫ dθ	$2)\frac{1}{2}\int \mathbf{r}^2\mathbf{d}\boldsymbol{\theta}$
3) r	4) $\frac{r\theta}{2}$

84. A die and a coin are thrown. The probability of obtaining an odd number on the die and head on the coin is

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 2) $\frac{1}{4}$

 3) $\frac{1}{3}$
 4) $\frac{3}{4}$

- 85. For a 2×2 matrix A. sum of eigen values is 10 and the product of eigen values of A = -25. Then the eigen values are
 - **1**) +5 2) ± 10 3) ± 7 4) ± 1
- 86. In a square matrix A of order 3,
 - $a_1 =$ Sum of its leading diagonals
 - $a_2 =$ Sum of the minors of its leading diagonals.
 - $a_3 = |A| = determinant of A.$

Then the characteristic equation of A =

- $1)\,\lambda^3-a_1\lambda^2+a_2\lambda-a_3=0$
- 2) $\lambda^2 + a_1 \lambda^2 + a_2 \lambda + a_3 = 0$
- $3) \lambda^3 a_3 \lambda^2 + a_2 \lambda a_1 = 0$
- 4) $\lambda^3 + \lambda^4 + (a_1 + a_2 + a_3)\lambda = 0$
- 87. Find the nature of the Q.F

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\mathbf{Q} = 2\mathbf{x}\mathbf{y} + 2\mathbf{y}\mathbf{z} + 2\mathbf{z}\mathbf{x}
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- 1) indefinite2) positive definite
- 3) positive semifinite 4) none of these
- 88. The quadratic form $2x^2 + 3y^2 + 2z^2 + 2xy$ is 1) indefinite
 - 2) positive definite
 - 3) positive semi-finite
 - 4) positive infinity
- 89. If $\overline{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{x}\overline{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{y}\overline{\mathbf{j}} + \mathbf{z}\overline{\mathbf{k}}$, $\mathbf{r} = |\overline{\mathbf{r}}|$ then $\nabla \mathbf{r} =$
- 1) \bar{r} 2) \hat{r}

 3) $2\bar{r}$ 4) $|\bar{r}|$



90. If $\overline{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{x}\overline{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{y}\overline{\mathbf{j}} + \mathbf{z}\overline{\mathbf{k}}$ and $\overline{\mathbf{r}} = \overline{\mathbf{r}} $ then, $\nabla \mathbf{r}^{n}$ is equal to	3) Unit matrix 4) Conjugate matrix			
1) r^{2n} 2) nr^{n}	96. What is the rate of convergence in Newton			
3) $nr^{n-1}\overline{r}$ 4) $nr^{n-2}\overline{r}$	Rophson (N.R.) method?			
91. If $\overline{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{x}\overline{\mathbf{i}} + \mathbf{y}\overline{\mathbf{j}} + \mathbf{z}\mathbf{k}$ and $ \overline{\mathbf{r}} = \mathbf{r}$, then $\nabla \times (\mathbf{r}^n\overline{\mathbf{r}}) =$	1) 1 2) 2			
1) 0 2)1	3) 3 4) 4			
3) 2 4) ¯	97. A bag contains 8 white and 10 black balls. Two			
92. The area bounded by a simple closed cur	balls ore drawn in succession. What is the			
C is	probability that first is white and second is black?			
1) $\int_C xdy + ydx$ 2) $\frac{1}{2} \int_C xdy - ydx$	1) $\frac{20}{81}$ 2) $\frac{30}{81}$			
3) $\int_{C} dxdy + dz$ 4) $\int_{C} dx + dy$	$(3)\frac{40}{81}$ $(4)\frac{50}{81}$			
93. The modified Euler method is based on	98. From 21 tickets, marked with 20 to 40 numerals,			
1) the average of points	one is drawn at random. Find the chance that it is a			
2) square of points	multiple of 5.			
3) cube of points	$(1)^{\frac{4}{2}}$ $(2)^{\frac{5}{2}}$			
4) none of these	20 -721			
94. Find the polynomial that takes the following	$(3){20}$ $(4){21}$			
values:	99. If X has a poisson distribution and $P(X = 0) =$			
x 0 1 3	P(X=l)=k then k is			
y 1 2 1	1) e 2) $\frac{1}{2}$			
y 1 2 1	$(3) e^2$ $(4) 1$			
1) $x^2 + x + 1$ 2) $x^2 + 2x + 3$	100. For a Poisson Distribution, the second			
3) $1 + 2x - x^2$ 4) $1 - 2x + x^2$	moment of X about the origin $E(X^3)$ is			
95. When solving $AX = B$, in Gauss - Jordan method,	1) λ^2 2) λ			
the co-efficient matrix is transformed into	$(3) \lambda^2 + \lambda \qquad 4) 0$			
1) Upper triangular matrix 2) Diagonal matrix				

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